

# **User Manual**

# **Bullet Network Camera**

F34-875070-000A 875PRO A.1

# **Safety Notice**

- Make sure the supplied voltage meets the power consumption requirements of the camera before powering the camera on. Incorrect voltage may cause damage to the camera.
- The camera should be protected from water and moisture, excessive heat, direct sunlight and cold.
- The installation should be made by a qualified service person and should conform to all local codes.
- Unplug the camera during lightning storms or when unused for long period of time.

# **Table of Contents**

1.	L. Overview	5
	1.1 Package Contents	5
	1.2 Hardware Overview	5
	1.2.1 Part Names	5
	1.2.2 Connectors	6
	1.2.3 Dimensions	7
	1.3 Specifications	8
2.	2. Installation	9
	2.1 Inserting Memory Card	9
	2.2 Mounting the Camera	9
	2.3 Adjusting the View and Focus	10
3.	3. Network Connection	
aı	and Configuration	
	3.1 Network Connection Types	12
	3.2 Accessing the Camera for the First Time	
	3.3 Using "IP Finder" to Manage Cameras	
	3.3.1 Installing IP Finder	
	3.3.2 Using IP Finder	16
	1. Using Web-based	10
C	Control Utility	
	4.1 Overview	
	4.1.2 Setup Menu	
	4.1.3 Applying Settings	
	4.2 Image Settings	
	4.2.1 Codec	20
	4.2.2 Exposure	
	4.2.3 White Balance	
	4.2.4 Basic Setting	
	4.2.5 Smart Encoding	
	4.2.6 Smart Focus	
	4.2.7 Privacy Zone	28
	4.2.8 ePTZ	29

4.3	Network
	4.3.1 Basic30
	4.3.2 FTP31
	4.3.3 SMTP
	4.3.4 NTP
	4.3.5 RTSP
	4.3.6 ONVIF
4.4	System
	4.4.1 Date and Time35
	4.4.2 Time Stamp
	4.4.3 Firmware
	4.4.4 User Management
	4.4.5 Language
	4.4.6 Log39
	4.4.7 Audio
4.5	Event
	4.5.1 Motion Detection41
	4.5.2 External Alarms
	4.5.3 Blur Detection
	4.5.4 Audio Detection
	4.5.5 Ethernet Detection
	4.5.6 Event Management45
4.6	Recording
	4.6.1 Settings – Video Clip
	4.6.2 Settings – FTP
	4.6.3 Settings – SMTP
	4.6.4 SD Card Storage Format Selection
	4.6.5 Period Setting

# 1. Overview

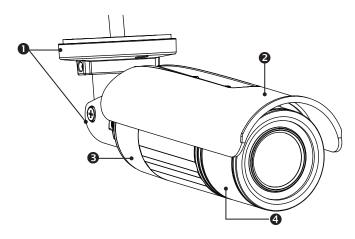
# 1.1 Package Contents

The package includes these items:

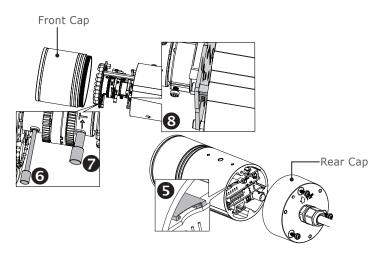
Bullet Network Camera	x1
CD-ROM (User manual and IP Finder utility)	x1
Quick Start Guide	x1
Guide Pattern	x1
Insulation caps	x3
Self-tapping Screw (TP4 x 31mm)	x3
Plastic Anchor	x3
RJ-45 Female / Female Coupler	x1
2-pin Screw Terminal Block	x1

# 1.2 Hardware Overview

## 1.2.1 Part Names

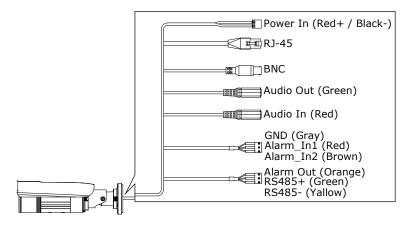


- 1. **Mounting Bracket Assembly:** To attach to mounting surface and adjust the camera at different angles.
- 2. **Sunshield:** Minimize the effects of rain and sunlight on image quality.
- 3. **Rear cap:** Remove it to expose the camera connectors.
- 4. **Front cap:** Remove it to expose the lens and reset controls.



- 5. microSD/SDHC Card Slot: Insert a microSD/SDHC card to the slot for recording and storage.
- 6. Far/Near Control: Loosen to control to adjust the picture sharpness.
- 7. **Tele/Wide Control:** Loosen the control to adjust the image view.
- 8. **Reset:** Use an appropriate tool to press the button to reset the camera. Hold for 5 seconds to reboot camera. Hold longer than 5 seconds to load default settings

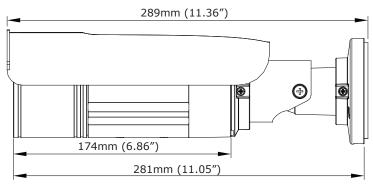
#### 1.2.2 Connectors

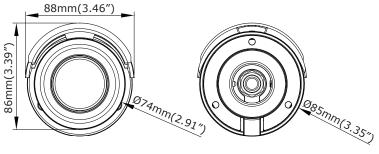


- 1. **Power In:** Connect to DC12V/AC 24V power supply. If using DC 12V power supply, make sure to connect the power connector to correct ports (Red+/Black-). If you are to use power from Ethernet connection, this connector is not used when the power is provided by PoE.
- 2. **RJ-45 (Ethernet/PoE):** Connect to the LAN port of a standard 10Base/100Base-TX device, e.g., hub, switch or router. If you are going to use PoE function, connect to a PoE-capable network device. Power will be supplied through the Ethernet cable.
- 3. BNC: Connect to composite video in connector of a monitor.
- 4. Audio Out: Connect to an external speaker.
- 5. Audio In: Connect to an external microphone
- 6. **GND:** Ground (electricity) in electrical circuits.

- 7. **Alarm IN 1/2:** Connect to device that responds to alarm signals.
- 8. Alarm Out: Connect to device that triggers alarm signals.

# 1.2.3 Dimensions





# 1.3 Specifications

Bernstotten	Pullat Naturals Communi
Description	Bullet Network Camera
Image System	1/2.7" 2MP image sensor optimized for low-light
Image Sensor	performance
Image Compression Method	Triple Streaming: H.264 / MPEG4 / Motion JPEG
Maximum Frame rate vs. Resolution	30 fps (NTSC) and 25 fps (PAL) in 2MP Full HD 1080p (1920x1080)
Lens	Built-in Mechanical IR Cut Filter varifocal lens f=3~9mm, F1.2 (Mega pixel lens)
View Angle	H: 93°(Wide)~31.7°(Tele)/V:68.4°(Wide)~23.8°(Tele)
Electric	
Shutter Time	Range from 1/10000s to 1/3.75s selectable (60Hz); Range from 1/10000s to 1/3.125s selectable (50Hz)
Audio	Two-way Mono Audio, Full-duplex, G.711 PCM 8kHz
Alarm	External input
RS-485	Reserved
Day/Night Mode	Mechanical (ICR) D/N control: Auto Mode
Minimum Illumination	IR LED OFF: 0.08 Lux @30IRE; 0.20Lux @50IRE (shutter speed: 1/15sec) IR LED ON: 0 lux
IR LED	IR LED 24 pcs (850nm)
IR Distance	25 meters (82 ft.)
IR Turn On Status	Under 10 lux by auto control
LED Life	More than 10,000 hours (50°C)
Video Port	BNC X1, 1.0Vp-p, 75Ω
Video Output	NTSC: 720 X 480 @30fps; PAL: 720 X 576 @25fps
Image Enhancement	AWB, AES, AGC Exposure Mode: Auto/Manual White Balance: Auto/Manual Backlight Compensation: 5x5 zones selectable Sharpness, Staturation, Brightness, Contrast: 255 level sensitivity
Feature Brief	
Digital WDR	Yes; 5 level sensitivity
Privacy Zone	Yes; customized threshold privacy zone
Intelligent Video	Audio detection / Blur detection /Ethernet Detection/ Smart Encoding/ Smart Focus/ e-PTZ/ Event Management
Alarm Detection	Motion Detection: 5 x 5 zones, 5 level sensitivity or customized threshold Audio Detection: 5 level sensitivity or customized threshold Blur Detection: customized threshold External Input
Alarm Event	File upload via FTP, SMTP and SD Card Notification via email, HTTP and TCP External output activation Video and audio recording to SD Card
Image Orientation	Mirror, Flip
Bit Rate Mode	Primary stream bit rate control: CBR/VBR
Local Storage	
Memory Card	Micro SD/ Micro SDHC Card up to 32 GB
SD Card Overwrite	Yes
SD Card Store Category	Alarm / Motion / Schedule/ Un-interrupt recording
Power supply	
Power Requirement	DC 12V & AC 24V ± 10% / PoE(IEEE 802.3af)
Power Connector	Screwless Terminal Block
Power Consumption (Max.)	8W.
Environment	
Operating Temperature	-10°C ~ 50°C (-14°F ~ 122 °F)
Operating Humidity	10~ 90% RH
Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 60°C (-4°F ~ 140 °F)
Regulatory	CE, FCC, RoHS

Network					
Ethernet	10Base-T/100Base-TX Ethernet connection for LAN / WAN, RJ-45				
Internet Protocol	IPv4, TCP/IP, UDP, HTTP, SMTP, DNS, DHCP, NTP, FTP, RTP,RTSP, ICMP, UPnP				
Browser	IE browser 6.0 or above				
I/O connector	I/O connector				
Alarm Port	Terminal Block 2 in / 1 out				
Audio In / Out port	3.5mm Phone Jack 1 in / 1 out				
RS-485 Port	Terminal Block				
Reset Within 5 sec for rebooting system; more than 5 sec for loading default					
Mechanism					
Dimensions(ΦxH)	300mm x 88mm x 86 mm (11.79inch x 3.47inch x 3.39inch)				
Weight	995g (2.2 lb.)				
Protection Class	IP67				
Accessory					
Mount Type	Easily adjustable 3-axis and cable-concealed bracket with standard package Corner mount: Adapter required Pole mount: Adapter required				

# 2. Installation



The front and rear cap should NOT be removed over 30 minutes during installation. Otherwise, the desiccant will absorb too much moisture and thus cause vapor.

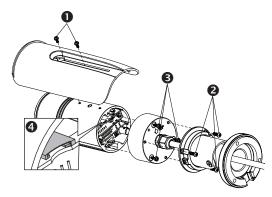
# 2.1 Inserting Memory Card

- 1. Loosen the two sunshield fixing screws and remove the sunshield.
- 2. Loosen the three screws to remove the mounting bracket assembly.
- 3. Loosen the three screws to remove the rear cap from the main body.
- 4. Insert your microSD/SDHC card into the slot.



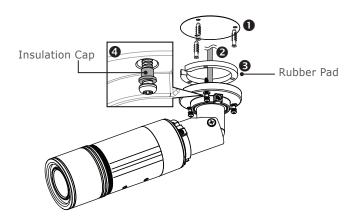
When inserting the memory card, make sure not to disconnect any cables attached to the camera.

5. Re-assembly the rear cap and the mounting bracket assembly.



# 2.2 Mounting the Camera

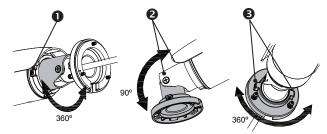
- 1. Drill mounting holes and insert anchors.
  - In desired location, use the supplied Guide Pattern to drill three 5mm mounting holes. Then insert the supplied anchors into the holes.
- 2. Pass all the signal cables through the hole for the cables.
  - Optionally connect a video monitor to the BNC connector if you want to perform focus/zoom adjustments during the installation.
- 3. For static electricity protection, ensure that the rubber pad is placed inside the mounting bracket base.
- 4. Place the three provided insulation caps onto the three tapping screws. Insert the screws to the screw holes on the camera bracket, and then tighten the screws to the anchors to attach the camera .



# 2.3 Adjusting the View and Focus

Refer to the figure below, loosen the screws as needed to adjust the camera to desired angel.

- 1. Loosen the screw to rotate the pipe segment.
- 2. Loosen the screw and the opposite one to tilt the bracket base.
- 3. Loosen the screw and the opposite one to rotate the bracket base.



4. Rotate the front cap to remove it from the main body.

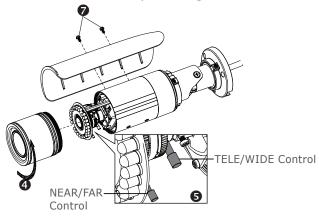


- Two desiccant packs are already placed near the lens. The desiccant pack prevents fogging on the inside of the lens due to any moisture. Make adjustments within 30 minutes or the desiccant pack may absorb too much moisture and become ineffective.
- Desiccant packs that have absorbed too much moisture need to be replaced or reactivated.
- When lens adjustments are complete, reattach the camera cover and sunshield.
- 5. Unlock the Near/Far and Wide/Tele screws to adjust the sharpness and view. After the adjustment, lock the controls.
- 6. Re-install the front cap to the main body.



Securely fasten the front cap on the camera in order to avoid water damage. The gap between the camera body and the front cap should be less than 1mm.

7. Re-install the sunshield by screwing the two screws.



# 3. Network Connection and Configuration

# 3.1 Network Connection Types

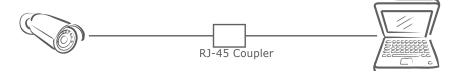
There are many different ways that you can connect the camera to your network, depending on your applications requirements. You should always set the camera's network settings according to your network configurations. The following diagrams depict some typical applications with guidelines on network settings. For more information on network settings, always consult with your network administrator or ISP as required.

#### Type 1— Direct Connection to a PC

Directly connect the camera to a PC using a standard Ethernet cable.



To extend the connection length, you should use a RJ-45 female/female coupler to connect two Ethernet cables together.





The LAN port of the camera supports auto MDI/MDIX (Medium dependent interface crossover) so there is no need to use cross-over cable.

To access the camera, the PC must be on the same network as the camera. The default IP address of the camera is a static one (192.168.1.30). Configure your PC's IP address as 192.168.1. X (where X is a number between 2 to 254, excluding 30 and subnet mask as 255.255.255.0, and then your PC should be able to access the camera.

## Type 2: Connecting Camera(s) to a Local Area Network (LAN)

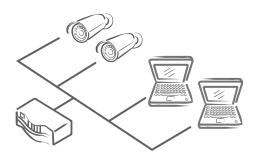
To add the camera(s) to an existing LAN, just connect the camera(s) to the hub or switch on your network. If you want to provide the camera power via the Ethernet connection, a PoE-enabled hub/switch is required.



The LAN port of the camera supports auto MDI/MDIX (Medium dependent interface crossover) so there is no need for an uplink port or the use of a cross-over cable.

Assign an IP address to your camera following your network IP allocation policy. You can manually specify the IP address or allocate the IP address automatically using a DHCP server, if available on your network.

Then, you can monitor and mange the camera via a web browser from a local PC.

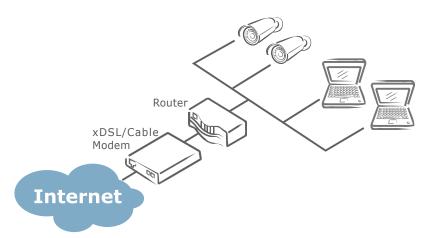


Router/Switch/Hub

#### **Type 3: Remote Connection via the Internet**

If the network where the camera resides is connected to the Internet, you can also provide remote access to your camera over the Internet.

Typically a broadband router has a built-in DHCP function to assign a local IP address to your camera. You can alternatively assign a fixed IP address to the camera to prevent it from frequently changing.



To access the camera from a local PC, simply use the local IP address of the camera.

To enable remote access, you must configure your router/firewall to forward an incoming request to that fixed local IP address of the camera. Therefore, when an external host sends a request to access your camera, the request will first reach the router's external IP address and then be forwarded to the local IP address of the camera.

Port forwarding is based on the service you want to provide. For example, forward HTTP port to enable remote web access to your camera, or RTSP port to enable access to video/audio streams from the camera.

If your camera is configured to use a non-standard HTTP port, then you have to forward that port accordingly.

# 3.2 Accessing the Camera for the First Time

The camera comes with a web-based setup utility, allowing you to view the video of the camera and configure the camera for optimal use in your environment.

To access the camera's web-based control utility, you need a PC that meets the following requirements:

■ Operating System: Windows Vista® or XP

■ **Browser:** Internet Explorer Version 6.0 or later

■ CPU: Intel Pentium 4.2 GHz or higher

■ RAM: 512 MB or more

Then take the following steps to connect your PC to the camera.

#### **Step 1: Make the connection**

For initial setup purposes, connect one end of an Ethernet cable to the RJ45 connector of the camera and the other end to the LAN port on your PC.

#### Step 2: Configure your PC's IP address

The camera uses a default IP address of 192.168.1.30 and subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. To have your PC on the same network with the camera, configure your PC's IP settings as below:

■ IP address: 192.168.1. X, where X is a number between 2 to 254, excluding 30.

■ Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0.

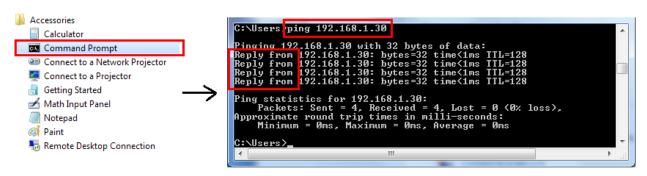
Ignore all other settings and click  $\mathbf{OK}$ .



#### Step 3: Verify the connection between the PC and the IP Cam

- 1. Launch the Command Prompt by clicking the **Start** menu, **Programs**, **Accessories** and then **Command Prompt**.
- 2. At the prompt window, type ping x.x.x.x, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the camera (the default is 192.168.1.30).

If the message of "Reply from..." appears, it means the connection is established.



#### Step 4: Access the camera from IE browser

Open the IE browser and enter the IP address of the camera in the URL field. The default is 192.168.1.30.



When prompted to login, enter the user name and the password. (The defaults: admin, 1234). Note that the password is case-sensitive.



Upon successful login, you will see the live view screen shown as the example below:



# 3.3 Using "IP Finder" to Manage Cameras

IP Finder is a management tool included on the product CD. It is designed to manage your network cameras on the LAN. It can help find multiple network cameras, set IP addresses, show connection status and manage firmware upgrades.

# 3.3.1 Installing IP Finder

Before proceeding, make sure your operating system is Windows Vista or Windows XP.

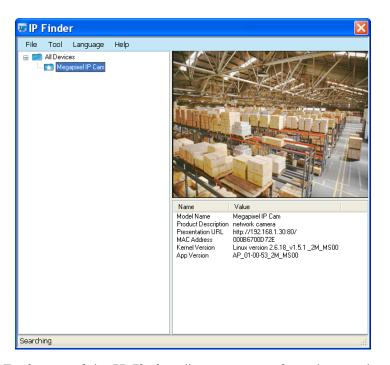
To install the software, simple locate and double-click the **IP Finder** setup file on the provided CD. Then follow the on-screen prompts to proceed.

# 3.3.2 Using IP Finder

To launch IP Finder, double-click the **IP Finder** shortcut on the desktop or click Start > Programs > IP Finder > IP Finder.

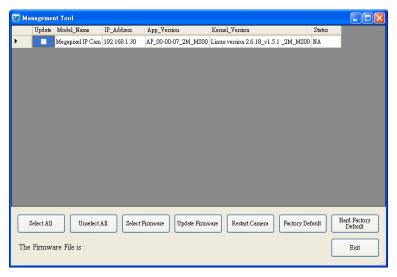
After you launch **IP Finder**, it will search for all the available cameras on the same network. Click the plus sign next to "**All Devices**" to expand the menu and display all the found cameras.

Clicking a target camera will show the live view (if available) and the detailed information of the camera, including the MAC address. Each camera comes with a unique MAC address, which is indicated on the product label. It helps identify which camera is currently accessed, particularly when multiple cameras are connected on your network.



The **Tool** menu of the **IP Finder** allows you to perform these tasks:

- **Search Network:** This option allows you to search the cameras on the network.
- **Set Master ID and Password:** Allows you to set a master ID and password for managing the cameras with IP Finder.
- Management Tool: Allows you to restart the camera, update firmware, reset all of the camera settings to default (except network settings) and reset all of the camera parameters to default.

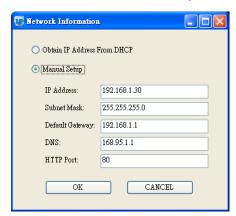


For an individual camera, right-click the camera and a menu will provide these options:

- Go to Presentation URL: Launch IE browser to access the web-based utility of the camera.
- **Set Device ID and Password:** Set the login ID and password for managing the camera with IP Finder.



■ **Network Information:** Allows you to configure the camera's network settings.

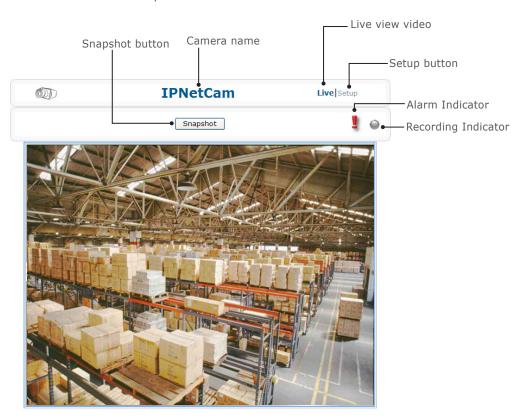


# 4. Using Web-based Control Utility

## 4.1 Overview

#### 4.1.1 Main Screen

After you login to the camera's web-based control utility, you will first see the live view screen of the camera. The screen is like the picture below:



The live view screen of the utility provides these options:

- **Snapshot:** Pressing this button takes a snapshot of the current live view screen.
- **Live:** Pressing this button displays the live view of the camera.
- **Setup:** Pressing this button allows you to access the setup page.
- Camera name: Displays the name of the camera.
- **Recording Indicator:** Turns red when the recording is proceeding.
- **Alarm Indicator:** Appears when an alarm is triggered.
- Live view video: Shows the live view of the camera.

Note that the accessibility to the options varies according to the login account.

- Viewer: Allowed to view only the live view screen. Access to other options is restricted.
- **Administrator:** Can access all the options on the live view page and make configurations on the setup pages.

## 4.1.2 Setup Menu

The **Setup** options are categorized into five groups: **Image**, **Network**, **System**, **Event** and **Recording**. Clicking the name will expand its sub-menu. See the ensuing sections for more information.

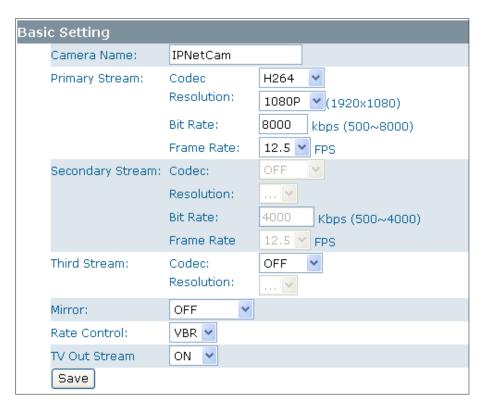
# 4.1.3 Applying Settings

Each configuration page provides a **Save** button. Settings are applied right after you press the **Save** button. And the browser will refresh to load the latest setting or otherwise pop up the "**Save OK**" message to indicate that settings have been applied.

# 4.2 Image Settings

#### 4.2.1 Codec

The Codec page allows you to configure the video streams for the camera. You can optionally configure a secondary or third stream to a resolution as required by your third-party device or software.



#### **Camera Name Settings**

Enter a descriptive name of the camera. Note that if you want to make the camera ONVIF compliant (see Network > ONVIF), no space is allowed in the camera name.

#### **H.264 Codec Settings**

- **Resolution:** Choose a resolution for the video. Choices include 1080p, SXVGA, 720p, XGA, SVGA, D1, 2CIF, VGA, and CIF.
- **Bit Rate:** According to your bandwidth, specify a value for data transmission rate (kbps). Higher value gets higher video quality but consumes more bandwidth.
- Frame Rate: Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.

#### **MPEG4 Codec Setting**

- **Resolution:** Choose a resolution for the video. Choices include 1080p, SXVGA, 720p, XGA, SVGA, D1, 2CIF, VGA, and CIF.
- **Bit Rate:** According to your bandwidth, specify a value for data transmission rate (kbps). Higher value gets higher video quality but consumes more bandwidth.
- Frame Rate: Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.

#### **MJPEG Codec Settings**

- **Resolution:** Choose a resolution for the video. Choices include 1080P, SXVGA, 720P, XGA, SVGA and D1.
- Quality: Set the image's quality as High, Normal or Low.
- **Frame Rate:** Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.



1. Live View uses the MJPEG codec. If no streaming is using MJPEG, it will result in no video for Live View.

#### Codec

No JPEG Codec! Please choose a suitable codec mode on Setup->Image->Codec page.

2. If MJPEG is selected for both the primary stream and the third stream, Live View will always display video using the third stream codec settings.

Refer to the table below for selectable codec types for each streaming:

Streaming Combination					
Primary		Secondary		Third	
Codec	Resolution	Codec	Resolution	Codec	Resolution
		OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
	1080P	H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF		
MJPEG		OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
	SXVGA 720P XGA SVGA D1			MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
			N/A	OFF	N/A
	1080P	OFF		MJPEG	VGA CIF
				OFF	N/A
H264 MPEG4	720P XGA SVGA	OFF	N/A	MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF

#### **Mirror Settings**

This option allows you to mirror or flip the video image if required.

■ **OFF:** Turns off this function.

■ **HORIZONTAL:** Flips the images horizontally.

■ **VERTICAL:** Flips the images vertically.

■ **BOTH:** Flips the images vertically and horizontally.

#### **Rate Control**

Choose a bit rate control to manage your bandwidth usage.

■ Variable Bit Rate (VBR): VBR keeps the video stream quality as constant as possible by varying bit rate. This mode ensures high quality image for motion scene and is often selected when image quality demands priority. However, this mode requires more bandwidth in order to vary the bit rate.

■ **Constant Bit Rate (CBR):** CBR maintains a specific and constant bit rate by varying the stream quality. With CBR, streaming is smooth and network throughput is stable for any scene. This mode is typically used with a limited bandwidth environment.

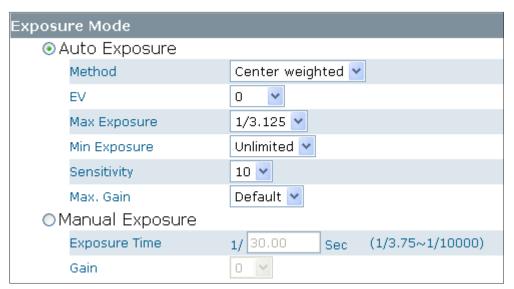
#### **TV Output Stream**

Turn on this option if you connect an analog monitor to the camera's **Video** connector for video output.

## 4.2.2 Exposure

The **Exposure** page allows you to configure the **Exposure Mode** and **Backlight Compensation** settings according to the light conditions of the camera.

#### **Exposure Mode**



## **Auto Exposure Settings**

- **Method:** Select which area of the image will be used to measure the amount of light to achieve best exposure.
  - **Center Weighted:** Exposure metering is averaged over the entire frame but emphasis is placed on the central area.
  - **Object Targeted:** This option meters the exposure based on the targets you specify. When this option is selected, define your target by clicking squares displayed on the image and then press **Save Spot Window** to save the setting.
- EV: In a scene with predominantly light or dark areas, the image will be underexposed or overexposed, causing an image to be too dark or bright. In such situations, you can adjust a compensation value to optimize the exposure. Decrease the value if images appear too light (overexposed). Increase the value if images are too dark (underexposed).
- Max/Min. Exp: Select the maximum / minimum exposure time according to the light source. The selectable value will change according to the frequency setting under Image > Basic Settings.

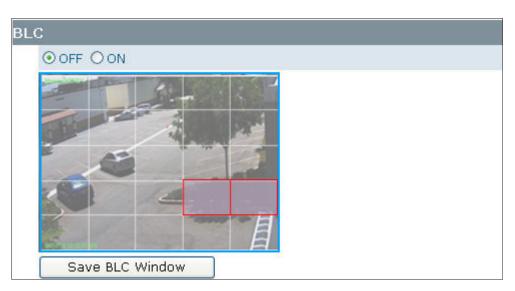
- **Sensitivity:** Select how sensitive the camera reacts to the light. A higher value enables the camera to be more sensitive to the light conditions and adjust the exposure in the shortest time interval.
- **Max Gain:** Specify the maximum amount of amplification applied to the image. A high level of gain allows images to be viewable in very low light, but will increase the image noise.

#### **Manual Exposure Settings**

- **Exposure Time:** Enter a desired exposure time.
- **Gain:** Select a gain value from 0 to 16. A high level of gain allows images to be viewable in very low light, but will increase image noise.

#### **BLC (Backlight Compensation)**

The **Backlight Compensation** function allows you to provide the optimal exposure of subjects under back light circumstances.



- **OFF/ON:** Choose to enable or disable the BLC function.
- **BLC area setting:** BLC area refers to the dark area where more details are expected. Define your BLC area by clicking squares displayed on the screen and then press Save BLC Window to save the setting.

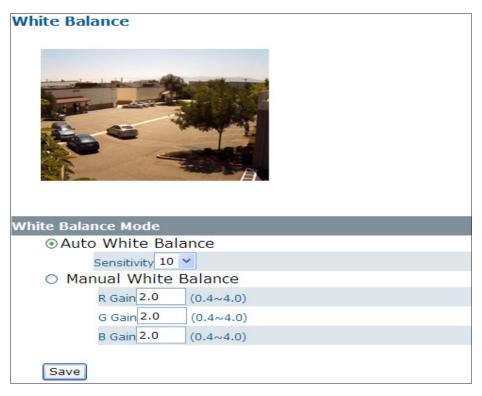
## **Digital Wide Dynamic Range**



When there are both very bright and very dark areas simultaneously in the field of view, you can enable Digital Wide Dynamic Range (WDR) function. It optimizes an image to ensure that dark areas are more visible while retaining details in bright areas.

■ **Level:** Depending on the contrast/dynamic range of a scene, you can select different level of WDR. Higher level of WDR suits for higher contrast/dynamic scene. If you select **Auto** mode, the camera will automatically adjust the WDR level by itself depending on the light of the scene.

#### 4.2.3 White Balance

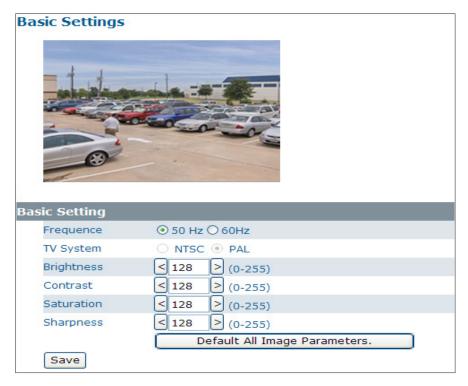


Select a white balance mode according to external light condition for the best color temperature.

- **Auto White Balance:** Use this option when there is no special lighting in the environment. The camera will automatically adjust the color temperature according to the light conditions and the sensitivity you specify. The higher the sensitivity, the faster the adjustment. If the lighting conditions change frequently, select a lower sensitivity to prevent the camera from frequently changing white balance.
- **Manual White Balance:** With any special light in the environment, you can use this option to manually adjust the red, green and blue channels, which are mostly affected by the special light. For example, if red color is too bright, then you should lower the R Gain value.

# 4.2.4 Basic Setting

The **Basic Setting** allows you to specify a frequency and adjust the basic image settings to optimize your video image.



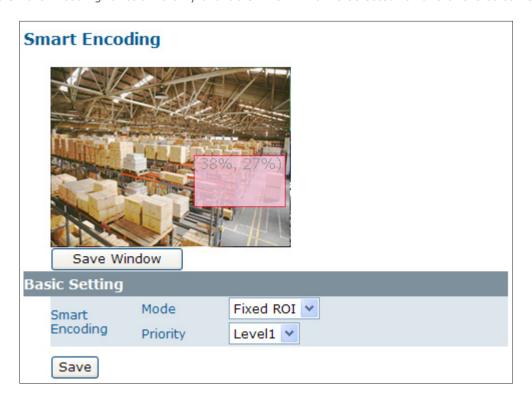
- Frequency: Select an appropriate frequency to reduce the flicker on the image. "50 Hz" and "60 Hz" are provided Frequencies settings will affect the Max. Exposure and Min. Exposure settings under Image > Exposure.
- **TV System:** Displays the current video standard: NTSC or PAL. This setting cannot be changed via web interface.
- **Brightness:** Adjust the image brightness level.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level.
- **Saturation:** Adjust the image saturation level.
- **Sharpness:** Adjust the image sharpness level.
- **Default All Image parameters:** Pressing this button will restore all the image settings to the defaults.

# 4.2.5 Smart Encoding

On the **Smart Encoding** page you can specify a specific region of the video as more important, i.e., a region of interest (ROI). When a ROI is specified, the camera will assign a higher number of bits to the ROI area to deliver better video quality than non-ROI areas.



The Smart Encoding function is only available when H.264 is selected for one of the streams.



### **Basic Setting**

To define a smart encoding area, click and drag your mouse on the image to define the region of interest and click **Save Window** to save the region. Click anywhere on the image to cancel the current defined area.

- Mode: Select Fixed ROI to enable smart encoding function.
- **Priority:** Select a priority level for the ROI.

# 4.2.6 Smart Focus

In addition to observing the live view image to see if focus is achieved, you can also enable **Smart Focus** to help you verify if focus is locked. If this function is enabled, whenever focus is achieved, the focus window turns green.





#### **Basic Settings**

To focus on a desired subject using the Smart Focus function:

- 1. Click on the subject that you want to focus on and then click **Save Window**.
- 2. Check the **Smart Focus Enabled** box. This will turn the smart focus indicator to red.
- 3. Use the focal length and focus controls to optimize the focus. When focus is achieved, the indicator turns green.

# 4.2.7 Privacy Zone

**Privacy Zone** allows you to mask sensitive areas of the image for privacy protection. If enabled, it will mask the live view and the recorded video clips/JPEG files.

To turn on the privacy zone function:

- Click and drag your mouse on the image to define the region to be masked and then click Save Window.
- 2. Select **ON** to enable **Privacy Zone**. This will turn the masked area to black.



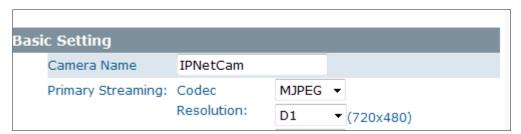


#### 4.2.8 ePTZ

Using the ePTZ function, you can use the pan, tilt and zoom controls to steer the camera to a desired position and focus on desired close-up areas, without moving the camera physically.

To use the ePTZ function:

1. On the **Image** > **Codec** page, make sure one of the streams are configured to use **MJPEG** codec and **D1** resolution.

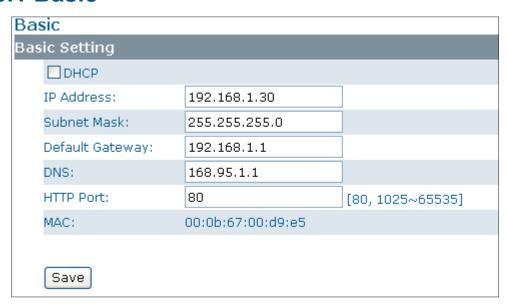


- 2. On the main screen, a **PTZ** button will appear. After you click the **ePTZ** button, an ePTZ control panel will appear where you can click the corresponding indicators to perform desired operations:
  - To zoom in/out: Click the +/- indicator repeatedly to zoom in/out the live view image.
  - **To pan left/right:** Click the left/right indicator to pan the viewing area. The pan function does not work if the video is not zoomed-in (no zoom status).
  - **To tilt up/down:** Click the up/down indicator to tilt the viewing area. The tilt function does not work if the video is not zoomed-in (no zoom status).
  - To preset to home: Click the home indicator and the image will return to the original view.



# 4.3 Network

# 4.3.1 Basic



■ **DHCP:** If there is a DHCP server on the network and you enable this option, the server will automatically assign an IP address and related information to the camera.



If there is no DHCP server on your network or you prefer to manually assign an IP address to the camera, leave the DHCP checkbox blank.

- IP Address & Subnet Mask: If the DHCP function is not enabled, you have to assign an IP address with the subnet mask to the camera.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the IP address of the gateway if required. Please contact your network administrator whether you need to set up the gateway.
- **DNS**: Enter the IP address of a DNS server. If you enter a domain name instead of an IP address in server-related fields, e.g., FTP, SMTP or NTP server, then the camera will need a DNS server to translate domain names into an IP address that is actually used for communication on the Internet.
- **HTTP Port:** Use the standard HTTP port number 80 or alternatively specify another port number between 1025 and 65535.
  - If you choose to use a non-standard port, and the camera on the LAN is to be accessible from the Internet, then you must configure your router/firewall to forward incoming HTTP request to that specified port (via NAPT/port forwarding settings).
- MAC: Display the MAC address of the camera. Each camera comes with a unique MAC address, which is indicated on the product label. It helps you to identify which camera is currently accessed, particularly when multiple cameras are connected to your network.

#### 4.3.2 FTP

To allow the camera to upload recorded video clips/JPEG files to an FTP server, you have to specify an FTP server and configure related settings.

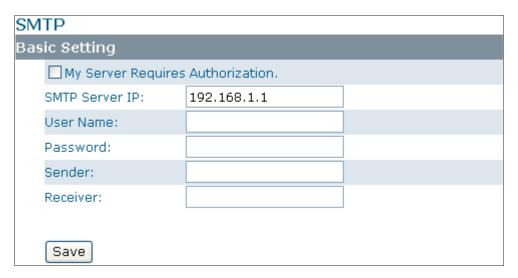
FTF	)	
Basic Setting		
	FTP Server IP:	192.168.1.1
	FTP Server Port:	21 [20,21,1024~ 65535]
	User Name:	
	Password:	
	File Upload Path:	default_folder
	Save	

- FTP Server IP: Enter the IP address of the FTP server.
- FTP Server Port: Enter the port number of the FTP server.
- **User Name:** Enter the user name to logon to the FTP server.

- **Password:** Enter the password to logon to the FTP server.
- **File Upload Path:** Specify the folder which has been created under FTP server root directory.

#### 4.3.3 SMTP

To enable the camera to send you email notifications when an alarm is triggered, you need to specify an SMTP server to send the emails.



- **My Server Requires Authorization:** If your SMTP server requires authorization to send emails, enable this option.
- **SMTP Server IP:** Enter the IP address of the SMTP server.
- **User Name:** Enter the user name to log on to the SMTP server.
- **Password:** Enter the password to log on to the SMTP server.
- Sender: Enter the email address to be shown as the sender of the notification email.
- **Receiver:** Enter the email address to which the notification email is sent.

#### 4.3.4 NTP

If you want the camera to synchronize its time clock with an NTP (Network Time Protocol) sever, configure the NTP server settings here.



- NTP Server: Enter the IP address or the domain name of the NTP server to synchronize with.
- **Time Zone:** Select a time zone in which the camera is located.
- Automatically Adjust for Daylight Saving Time Changes: Check to apply the daylight saving time automatically.

#### 4.3.5 RTSP

RTSP is a standard for connecting a client to establish and control streaming data over the web. If you want to allow third-party devices or software to access video/audio streams from the IP camera over the network, you must configure the RTSP ports. You can provide up to 6 streams according to the specific codec mode with different RTSP port.

RTSP				
RTSP Port Setting				
Stream 1:	8555	MJPEG/Primary		
Stream 2:	554	MPEG4/Primary		
Stream 3:	8554	MPEG4/Secondary		
Stream 4:	8558	MJPEG/Third		
Stream 5:	8556	H.264/Secondary		
Stream 6:	8557	H.264/Primary		
Port Value	Range:(554~65535)			
Save				

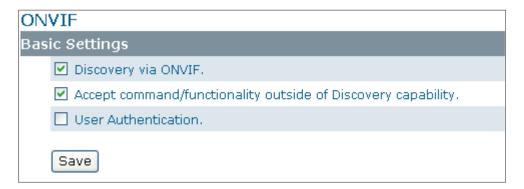
To use an RTSP player to access the camera's streams, you have to use correct the RTSP URL to request the streams. Refer to the table below for RTSP URLs:

Stream	URL
MJPEG Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8555/mjpeg
MJPEG Third	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8558/mjpeg
H.264 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8557/h264
H.264 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8556/h264
MPEG4 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:554/mpeg4
MPEG4 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8554/mpeg4

<sup>\*</sup>Replace the IP address and the port number with the camera's settings if otherwise configured.

## **4.3.6 ONVIF**

ONVIF is a standard that ensures interoperability between IP-based physical security products regardless of the manufacturers. This camera is ONVIF compliant and you can configure whether the camera can be found by other ONVIF compliant products and the related settings.



## **Basic Settings**

- **Discovery via ONVIF:** Check the box if you want the camera to be found by other ONVIF compliant devices in a network, e.g., an ONVIF compliant NVR.
- Accept command/functionality outside of Discovery capability: If checked, the camera is allowed to accept commands from ONVIF compliant device thus changing the camera's functionality.
- **User Authentication:** If an ONVIF compliant device needs authentication for communication, enable this option.

# 4.4 System

## 4.4.1 Date and Time

Date & Time		
Current Time		
Date: 2011-3-10 Time: 08:57:49		
New Time		
○Set Manually		
Date: 2011 -3 -23		
Time: 21 : 4 : 9		
○Synchronize with Computer Timer		
Date: 2011-3-23 Time: 21:05:28		
○Synchronize with NTP Server		
NTP Server: tw.pool.ntp.org		
Time Zone: GMT+08 Taipei, Beijing, Hong Kong		
Date Format: YYYY/MM/DD 💌		
Save		

#### **Current Time**

Displays the current date and time of the camera. Date and time will be updated after you configure new settings in the **New Time** section and click **Save** to apply the settings.

#### **New Time**

You can set the camera time by one of the following methods:

- Set Manually: Manually enter the camera's date and time settings in the given fields.
- **Synchronize with Computer Timer**: Use this option to synchronize the camera's date and time with the computer timer.
- **Synchronize with NTP Server:** Use this option to synchronize the camera's date and time with an NTP (Network Time Protocol) server, which can be configured under **Network** > **NTP**.
- **Date Format:** Allows you to specify a desired date format.

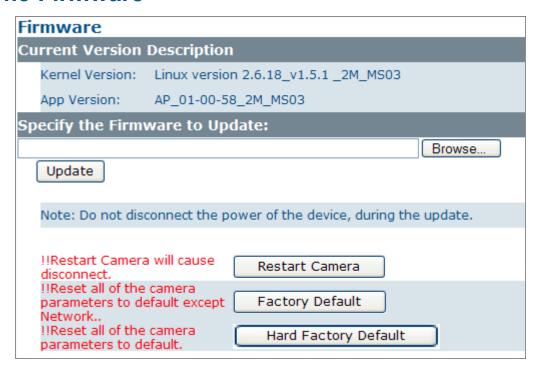
# 4.4.2 Time Stamp

The **Time Stamp** function allows you to overlay the date and time stamp on the video. When enabled, the recorded video will be displayed with the date and the time.



- **Enable Date and Time Stamp:** Check this box to enable the date and time stamp on images/video clips; to disable this function, uncheck the box.
- **Date Format**: Select the desired date format for the time stamp.

#### 4.4.3 Firmware



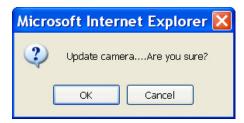
Current Version Description: Displays the current version of the firmware.

**Specify the Firmware to Update:** This function is designed to update the firmware of the camera. To perform the firmware upgrade, follow these parameters:

- Keep the network connected during the update process.
- DO NOT turn off or restart the camera during the firmware update process.

To update the firmware:

- 1. Click the **Browse** button to locate the firmware file.
- 2. Click the **Update** button to start update.
- 3. When prompted, click **OK** to proceed.



4. Wait about 20~60 seconds until the file is successfully updated. Once the update is completed, the browser will show a message reads "Firmware update successful". Then it will take 60 seconds to restart the camera.

Firmware update successful.

Camera is rebooting, please wait...

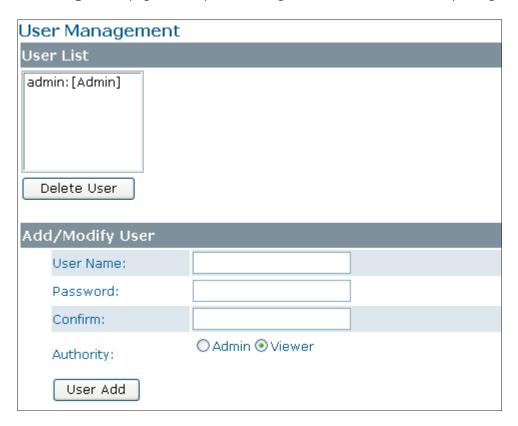
5. The utility will automatically go back to live view screen after firmware has been updated successfully.

You can also perform these tasks on the **Firmware** page:

- **Restart camera:** Restart the camera. This will cause all streams to disconnect.
- Factory Default: Reset all of the camera settings to the defaults, except network settings. After you confirm to reset, the camera will reset and restart automatically. When complete, you will return to the live view page.
- **Hardware Factory Default:** Reset all of the camera parameters to the defaults, including the network settings.

# 4.4.4 User Management

The **User Management** page allows you to manage user accounts and access privileges.



#### **User List**

Displays the list of current user accounts of the camera. To delete a user account, select the unwanted user account from the list and then click **Delete User**.

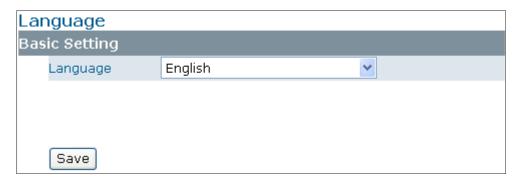
## **Add/Modify User**

You can add a new user or modify current user's account or authority.

- To add a new user, enter the user name and password and specify the authority. Then click **User Add** to add a user.
- To modify the password of the existing user, enter the user name and modify the password.
- Two types of account can be specified:
  - Admin (Administrator): Can access all camera functions, pages and make configurations.
  - Viewer (Guest): Can only access the live view page and take snapshots.

# 4.4.5 Language

The **Language** drop-menu allows you to change the language of the web interface. Supported languages include English, Spanish, Italian, Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese. Click **Save** to apply the language setting, and the browser will automatically refresh to reflect the change.

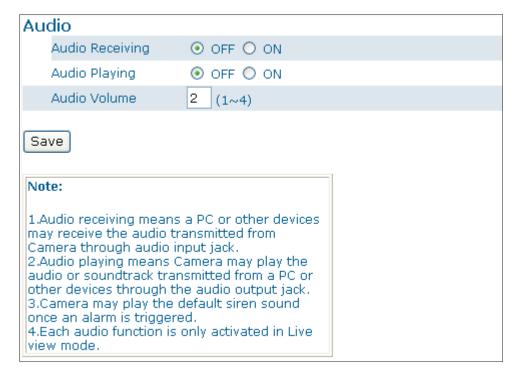


# 4.4.6 Log

This page displays detailed information about the camera's operations and activities, including all the login and alarm records.

```
Log
#011.2011-03-23 21:56:33 Blur alarm
#012.2011-03-23 21:55:35 Blur alarm
#013.2011-03-23 21:54:36 Blur alarm
#014.2011-03-23 21:53:37 Blur alarm
#015.2011-03-23 21:52:38 Blur alarm
#016.2011-03-23 21:51:39 Blur alarm
#017.2011-03-23 21:50:40 Blur alarm
#018.2011-03-23 21:49:41 Blur alarm
#019.2011-03-23 21:48:42 Blur alarm
#020.2011-03-23 21:47:43 Blur alarm
#021.2011-03-23 21:46:03 Blur alarm
#022,2011-03-23 21:45:04 Blur alarm
#023.2011-03-23 21:44:05 Blur alarm
#024.2011-03-23 21:43:06 Blur alarm
#025,2011-03-23 21:42:07 Blur alarm
#026,2011-03-10 06:48:35 admin login on 192,168,1,33
#027.2011-03-10 04:47:30 admin login on 192.168.1.14
```

### 4.4.7 **Audio**



- Audio Receiving: If a microphone is connected to the camera, you can select **ON** to allow the camera to record the audio and transmit to your PC. This enables the camera to pick up sounds in the background.
- Audio Playing: If a speaker is connected to the camera, you can select ON to allow the camera to play the audio transmitted from your PC. This enables you to speak to the person(s) around the camera.
- Audio Volume: Allows you to adjust both the audio playing and recording volume of the camera.

## Using the two-way audio function

Note that the two-way audio function is **only active in the live view page** using the web browser. To use the two-way audio function:

- 1. Make sure a speaker is connected to the **Audio Out** port and a microphone is connected to the **Audio**In port of the camera.
- 2. Enter **System** > **Audio** and enable both the **Audio Receiving** and **Audio Playing** functions. Then adjust the audio volume to the desired level.
- 3. To access the two-way audio streams:
- 4. Make sure your computer is connected to a microphone and speaker. Enter the **live view page** of the web-based utility.
- 5. Speak into the microphone and the person(s) around the camera should hear your voice.
- 6. When people around the camera are talking to you, you should hear them from the speaker that is connected to the computer.

## 4.5 Event

When an event occurs, it triggers an alarm and the camera will take a pre-defined action, e.g., sending a recorded video clip or JPEG files to a designated server. With this camera, an event can be triggered by external alarm devices or the camera's detection mechanism, including motion, blur, audio and Ethernet detection.



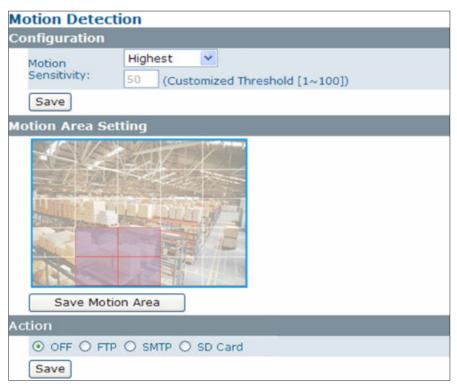
- 1. When there is more than one recording to be carried out at the same time, the scheduled video recording takes top priority, followed by the recording triggered by an Ethernet disconnection and lastly the recording triggered by other events.
- 2. Only one event will be handled at a time. If an event is already triggered, other event will be logged to the system but no action will be taken.

### 4.5.1 Motion Detection

When the **Motion Detection** is enabled, the camera detects motion under a pre-specified condition within a designated area. When motion is detected, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.

Note that to use the motion detection function, the following two conditions must be met:

- 1. You must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams to enable the live view.
- 2. You must select H.264 or MPEG4 codec for one of the streams to process the motion detection.



### Configuration

■ **Motion Sensitivity:** Specify the sensitivity to moving objects before the camera triggers an alarm. The higher the sensitivity, the slighter the movement is required to set off an alarm. You can alternatively select **User Define** and enter a value from 1 to 100 in the **Customized Threshold** field. When the motion within a specified area exceeds the threshold, an alarm will be triggered.

Select **OFF** to disable the motion detection

### **Motion Area Setting**

■ **Motion area setting:** Click target squares displayed on the screen to define detection areas; once configured, click **Save Motion Area** to save settings.

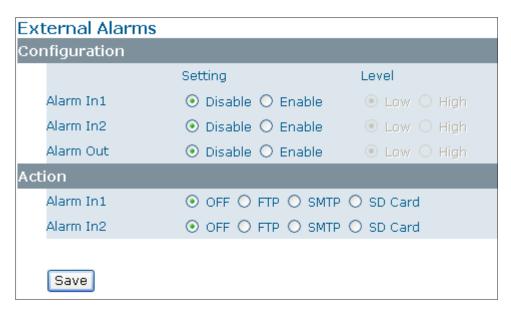
#### Action

Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon motion detection:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- FTP: Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.

### 4.5.2 External Alarms

If external alarm devices, e.g., sensors and alarms, are connected to the camera's alarm input/output, the following settings must be made:



# Configuration

■ **Setting:** Enable the Alarm I/O that is connected with the respective external alarm device.

■ **Level:** Set the (electricity) current as low or high to define the active state.

#### **Action**

Specify the action to be taken when external alarm is triggered:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- FTP: Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- SMTP: Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- SD Card: Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.



To perform a video recording, you must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams.

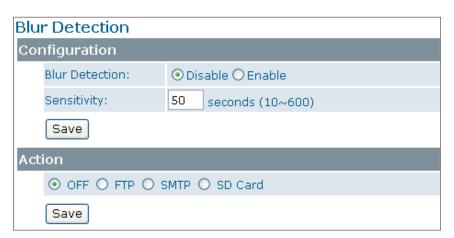
### 4.5.3 Blur Detection

With the **Blur Detection** enabled, when the camera detects incidents that make video image blur, e.g. redirection, blocking or defocusing, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.



Note that to use the blur detection function, the following two conditions must be met:

- 1. You must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams to enable the live view.
- 2. You must select H.264 or MPEG4 codec for one of the streams to process the motion detection.



## **Configuration**

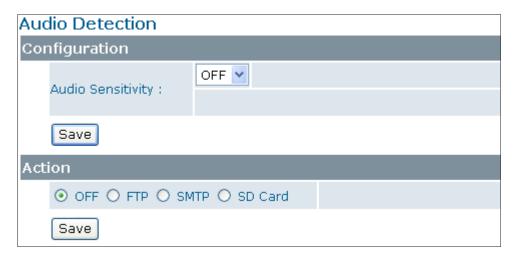
- Blur Detection: Select Enable to enable Blur Detection; select Disable to disable this function.
- **Sensitivity:** You can alternatively customize the camera's sensitivity to a blur. The camera will judge whether it has been tampered based on the sensitivity threshold specified.

#### **Action**

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **FTP:** Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- SMTP: Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.

### 4.5.4 Audio Detection

With the **Audio Detection** enabled, when the camera detects any sound, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.



## Configuration

■ Audio Sensitivity: Specify the camera's sensitivity level to the audio signal. The higher the sensitivity, the lower the volume is required to set off an alarm.

When set to OFF, the audio detection is disabled.

#### **Action**

Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon audio detection:

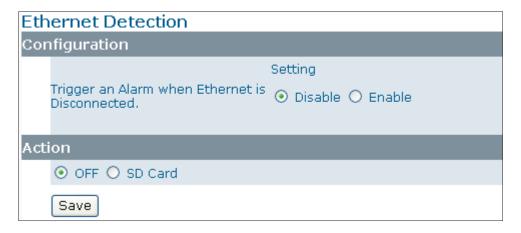
- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- FTP: Recorded video clip will be uploaded to the FTP server when the alarm is triggered.
- SMTP: A notification email attached with the recorded video clip will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clip will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.



To perform a video recording, you must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams.

## 4.5.5 Ethernet Detection

With **Ethernet detection** enabled, when the camera detects an Ethernet disconnection, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.



### Configuration

■ Trigger an Alarm When Ethernet is Disconnected: Select whether to disable/enable this function.

#### **Action**

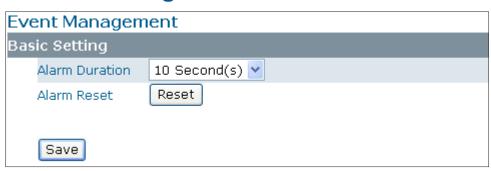
Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon audio detection:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card in AVI format when the alarm is triggered.



Regardless of your settings in **Recording** > **SD card**, when an Ethernet disconnection is triggered, the video clip recording will always be saved in AVI format.

# 4.5.6 Event Management



### **Basic Setting**

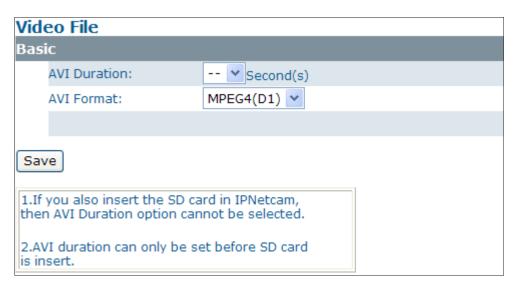
- **Alarm Duration:** Specify the duration of the alarm when an event is triggered.
- Alarm Reset: Use this button to stop the current alarm and to restart event detection again.

# 4.6 Recording

Recording allows you to configure recording-related settings and schedule recording. The defaults are listed in the table below:

# 4.6.1 Settings - Video Clip

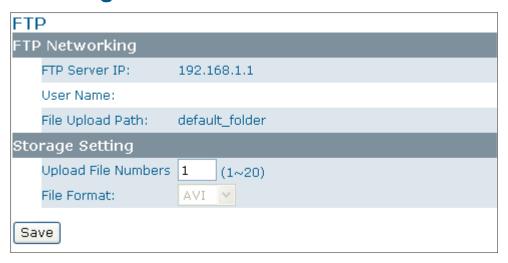
Configure the duration and format of video to be recorded when an alarm is triggered.



## **Basic Settings**

- **AVI Duration:** Select video duration.
- **AVI Format:** Select a desired video format. Available formats depend on the primary and the secondary streaming codec/resolution settings.

# 4.6.2 Settings - FTP



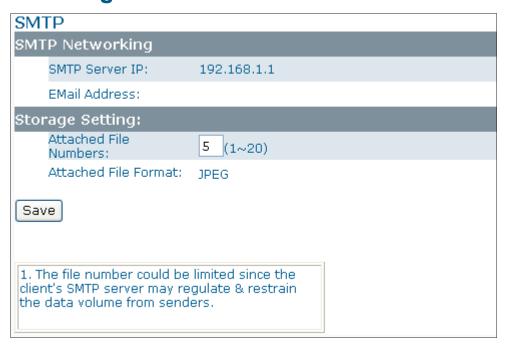
## **FTP Networking**

Displays the current FTP settings, which are specified via **Network > FTP**.

### **Storage Setting**

- Upload File Numbers: Enter the number of JPEG files to be uploaded to the FTP per event.
- **File Format:** Select the format in which to upload the recorded video file to the FTP server when an event has been triggered.
  - JPEG files: The camera will record specified number of JPEG files and upload to the FTP server.
  - **AVI files:** The camera will record AVI files and upload to the FTP sever. For the duration and AVI format, see **Recording** > **Setting** > **Video File**.

# 4.6.3 Settings - SMTP



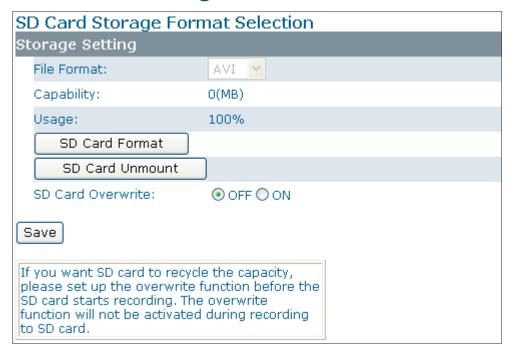
### **SMTP Networking**

Displays the current SMTP settings, which are specified via **Network** > **SMTP**.

## **Storage Setting**

■ **Attached File Numbers:** Enter the number of JPEG images that will be attached to the notification email. Set a lower number if SMTP server has an email size limit.

# 4.6.4 SD Card Storage Format Selection

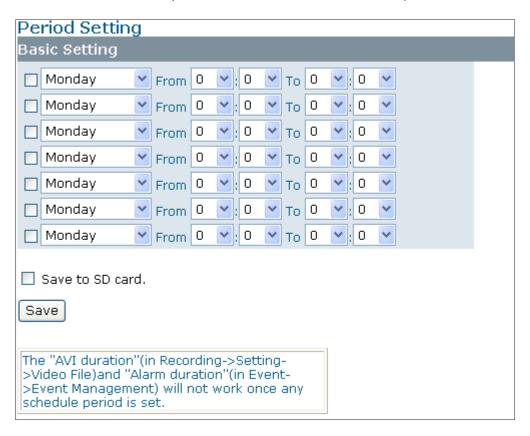


## **Storage Setting**

- **File Format:** Specify the format of the video to be saved to the SD card when an event is triggered.
- Capacity/Usage: Shows the card capacity and the space usage percentage.
- **SD Card Format:** Use this button to format the SD card. This option is not available if an SD card has not been inserted in the camera.
- **SD Card Unmount:** Click this button before safely removing the SD card. This option is not available if an SD card has not been inserted in the camera.
- **SD Card Overwrite:** Select **ON** to enable overwriting once the storage is full.

# 4.6.5 Period Setting

The Period Setting allows you to schedule video recordings at specified times. Set the automatic recording times by selecting the desired weekday and the period of time. Up to 7 scheduled recordings can be set. Check **Save to SD Card** should you wish to save the recorded video clips to the SD card.





The scheduled recording always demands higher priority than the alarm-based recording. When a scheduled recording is proceeding, the alarm-based recording will be disabled but the alarms will be logged.